Before the

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION

Washington, D.C.

In the Matter of)	
Petition for Declaratory Ruling to Clarify)	
47 U.S.C. § 572 in the Context of)	WC Docket No. 11-118
Transactions between Competitive Local)	
Exchange Carriers and Cable Operators)	

REPLY COMMENTS OF THE NATIONAL ASSOCIATION OF TELECOMMUNICATIONS OFFICERS AND ADVISORS IN RESPONSE TO THE PETITION FOR DECLARATORY RULING AND CONDITIONAL PETITION FOR FORBEARANCE

A review of comments filed in support of the petitions submitted by the National Cable and Telecommunications Association ("NCTA") does little if anything to undercut the position taken by the National Association of Telecommunications Officers and Advisors ("NATOA") that Section 652(b) of the Telecommunications Act of 1996 is not ambiguous and needs no clarification by the Commission as to its application to mergers between cable operators and competitive local exchange carriers ("CLECs"). And because the language and applicability of Section 652(b) is clear, there is no reason for the Commission to "clarify" the statute or grant cable operators wholesale forbearance from Section 652(b)'s prohibition against buyouts in every transaction involving cable operators and CLECs.

However, a review of the comments does reveal that commenters exaggerate any deterrent effect that Section 652(b) may have on proposed buyouts involving cable operators and CLECs. Indeed, the *only* specific transaction mentioned by commenters involves Comcast and

CIMCO, the very same transaction which the Commission acknowledges is the *only* prior

instance where an applicant has sought a waiver from the prohibitions of Section 652(b). One

waiver request does not justify the imposition of a new procedural framework by the

Commission. Indeed, to do so would undermine Congressional intent to ensure a local role in

the waiver process.² Rather than imposing blanket procedures where the need for same has not

been shown, the Commission should examine the circumstances of each proposed buyout and

only impose those procedures – if any – to ensure the transaction promotes competition, is in the

public interest, meets the needs and convenience of the community, and protects the role of the

affected LFAs.

NATOA again urges the Commission to deny NCTA's petition for declaratory ruling and

its conditional petition for forbearance. Granting either petition would seriously undercut the

Act's goal of promoting competition and would undermine the approval authority granted LFAs

by Congress.

Respectfully submitted,

Stephen Traylor

Executive Director

NATOA

3213 Duke Street, #695

Alexandria, VA 22314

(703) 519-8035

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¹ For example, *see* Telecommunications Industry Association Comments at 3.

² See Public Knowledge Comments at 3-5.

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